#### END TERM EXAMINATION Q5(a) If L is a distributive lattice, for any a,b,c € L, then show that FIRST SEMESTER (MCA) JANUARY-2024 i. $a V b = a V c and a \wedge b = a \wedge c \Rightarrow b = c$ ii. $(a \land b) \lor (b \land c) \lor (c \land a) = (a \lor b) \land (b \lor c) \land (c \lor a)$ Paper Code: MCA-101 Subject: Discrete Structures (b) Draw K map and simplify the following Boolean expression Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks :60 i. ABC'D' + AB'C'D' + ABC'D' + AB'C'D Note: Attempt five questions in all including question no.1 which is ii. $F(A,B,C,D) = \sum (0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,11)$ compulsory. Select one guestion from each unit. UNIT - III 01 Answer all the following questions briefly:-(2x10=20)(a) $\checkmark$ Show that (A-B) - C=A-(B U C) the order of the group G. Show that if any five integers from 1 to 8 are chosen, then atleast two of (b) (b) them will have a sum 9. a=45 and b = 126 (c) Solve by mathematical induction 1(1!) + 2(2!) + 3(3!) + ...n(n!) = (n+1)! - 1(d) </ In a group of students, there are 7 boys and 8 girls. Out of 15 students, 6 students have to be selected. Find out how many different ways the students can be selected such that at least one boy should be selected? (b) Show that the 4 fourth roots of unity form a group with respect to algorithm to find the public key and private key. (e) multiplication Show that $2^{340} = 1 \pmod{11}$ by fermett little theorem (f)~ Justify by giving example of relation R1,R2,R3 and R4 on A={4,5,6,7,8 } having UNIT - IV (g) Q8 (a) An undirected tree has a lvertex with degree 1, 2 vertices with property i) R1 is reflexive and symmetric but not transitive degree n each. Prove that no such tree exists. ii) R2 is symmetric and antisymmetric Consider the Boolean algebra D30. Determine all the Boolean sub-algebra (b) (h) the given graph. of D30 having atleast four element. (i) Show that inverse of an element a in the group is unique. Prove that complete planar graph K4 is planar (j) UNIT - I (5) Q2(a) Among the first 500 positive integers: D B i. Determine the integers which are not divisible by 2, nor by 3, nor bv 5. ii. Determine the integers which are exactly divisible by one of them. i. Assuming repetitions are not allowed, how many 4 digit numbers (5) can be formed from digits 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8 3 How many of these are less than 4000? E ii. How many in part i) are odd? 111. How many in part i) contain both 2 and 5? iv. 10 (5) Q3(a) Let $A = \{1,2,3,4\}$ and $R = \{(2,1),(2,3),(3,2),(4,3)\}$ . Find the Q9 (a) State and Prove 5 color theorem. Reflexive closure of R (b) Give an example of a graph which contains Symmetric closure of R ii. i. an Eulerian circuit that is also a Hamiltonian circuit. Transitive closure of R using warshal's algo. iii. ii. an Eulerian circuit and a Hamiltonian circuit that are distinct. (5) Find the particular solution of the difference equation $a_{r+2} + a_{r+1} + a_r = r.2^{2}$ , iii. an Eulerian circuit, but not a Hamiltonian circuit / iv. a Hamiltonian circuit, but not an Eulerian circuit UNIT - II v. Neither an Eulerian circuit, nor a Hamiltonian circuit (5) Q4(a) Prove the following without truth table 1. (p V q) -> ~r, r V t, p |-- t (ii, p->q,~qVr,~(r^~s),p|-s ...) (q -> r) ∧ (s -> t), (u->v) ∧ (w -> x), q V u |-- r V v Draw Hasse diagram for D100. Find GLB and LUB for B={10, 20}and (5) \*\*\*\*\* C={5,10,20,25 }. Is D100 is Finite Boolean albebra. Justify. MCA-101 PI PTO

Exam Roll No. .....

lease write your Exam Roll No.)

(5)

(5)

(5)

(5)

- Q6(a) Prove that the order of each subgroup of a finite group G is a divisor of (5)
- Determine gcd(a,b). Find s and t such that gcd(a,b) = s.a + t.b, where (5)
- Q7(a) Prove that the necessary and sufficient condition that a non-empty (5) subset H of a Group G be a subgroup is a  $\in$  H, b  $\in$  H  $\Rightarrow$  ab-1  $\in$  H
- Consider two distinct prime numbers p= 17 and q=19. Apply the RSA (5)
  - (5) degree 2 each, 3 vertices with degree 3 each, and n vetices with
    - Use Dijksta's algorithm to find the shortest path between a and f in (5)



	II NO	Qu	 
Exam Ro	11 140		

(Please write your Exam Roll No.)

# END TERM EXAMINATION

FIRST SEMESTER (MCA) JANUARY 2024 Subject: Computer Networks Paper Code: MCA-103

Maximum Marks: 60

#### Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q.No. I which is compulsory. Time: 3 Hours Select one question from each unit.

#### Of Attempt questions ( any four): -

#### [3x4=12]

- What do you understand with digital signal encoding (digital to digital encoding) techniques? Why these techniques are needed? al convert the following bit stream into a digital signal using Manchester encoding technique.
  - 101000010

06

Compare wired and wireless transmission mediums in terms of speed,

- bit security and scale. Explain the hidden station and exposed station problems with proper diagrams.
- Differentiate between CSMA and CSMA/CD. er
- What is CIDR? How does it solve the problem of shortage of IPv4 d) addresses?
- e el Explain the technique of Checksum calculation with proper example.

#### UNIT-I

- 02 æ What is analog to digital encoding? What is its use in data communication? Explain the PCM technique in detail. What is MODEM? How does it make the communication possible b) (5)
  - between two remote machines?
- 03 Explain the layered architecture? Why Network models have been designed using layered architecture? Explain layers of TCP/IP model in detail. (12)

#### UNIT-II

Q4 Differentiate between error detection and retransmission technique ar and error detection and correction techniques. Explain the scenarios in which these techniques are preferred. Encode following data word using Hamming code with even parity. 1001001000011101

Explain Stop and Wait ARQ with an example and required diagrams. (5)

Q5 Explain Ethernet frame format in detail. What is the need of padding a) in it? b)

Explain DCF Medium Access Control (MAC) method of wireless LAN networks in detail. (5)

#### UNIT-III

a) Explain the IPv4 address classes with their features. How address distribution was done in classful addressing method? Explain. b) What is link state routing algorithm? Explain the method of routing table population in Link State routing. (7)

MCA-103

P.T.O.

- Explain IPv6 address auto configuration process. What happens, when the autoconfiguration process gets fail.
- b) Explain the Multicast routing protocols based on source-based tree. and group shared tree methods. (7)

#### UNIT-IV

Q8 a) Explain TCP protocol header in detail.

Q7

09

- bl Mention the applications where UDP protocol is used with proper reason. (5)
- a) Explain the process of mail transfer including all the necessary components of the process. Include proper diagrams if needed. (6) b) Explain Private and public key cryptography with their Pros and Cons.

For large amount of data transfer which one would be preferred? (6)

MCA-103

## Exam Roll No. 07214004423

(Please write your Exam Roll No.)

## END TERM EXAMINATION FIRST SEMESTER (MCA) DECEMBER-2023 - JANUARY 2024

Subject: Operating System with Linux

Paper Code: MCA-105 Maximum Marks: 60

Time: 3 Hours Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q.no.1 which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit.

(2x10 = 20)

P.T.O.

Q1. Answer the following briefly:

(a) Compare monolithic kernel and microkernel. Which type of kernel is used in Microsoft Windows 10?

- (b) Differentiate between internal and external command in Linux.
  - (c) Illustrate the bootstrap process of an operating system.
  - (d) Differentiate between busy waiting and blocked waiting in an operating system.
- (e) Write the Peterson's algorithm (pseudo code) to solve critical-section problem.
- (f) Compare internal fragmentation with external fragmentation of memory.
- (g) Explain the necessary and sufficient conditions for a deadlock situation in the computer system.
- (h) Differentiate between physical and logical formatting of a disk.
- (i) Explain blocking and non-blocking I/O.
- (j) Describe the concept of data mirroring in RAID.

#### UNIT - I

- Q2. (a) What is distributed operating system? Compare client-server computing and peer- (5) to-peer computing.
  - (b) Explain the multi-programmed batch systems and time-sharing systems with their (5) advantages and disadvantages.

#### OR

- Q3. (a) Why inter-process communication is important? Compare shared memory and (5) message passing models of inter-process communication.
  - (b) What is interrupt? Explain various services offered by an operating system. (5)

#### UNIT - II

- O4. (a) Describe the functions of a dispatcher. Illustrate multilevel queue scheduling (5) approach.
- (b) Explain the readers-writers problem. Write algorithm (code snippet) to solve the (5) readers-writers problem using Semaphore.

#### OR

O5. (a) What are the conditions to be fulfilled by a solution of critical-section problem? (5) Explain the TestAndSet() and Swap() approaches to solve the critical section problem.

MCA-105

[-2-]

(b) What is the use of medium-term scheduler? Three processes P1, P2 and P3 arrive at (5) time zero. Their total execution time is 10ms, 15ms, and 20ms, respectively. They spent first 20% of their execution time in doing I/O, next 60% in CPU processing and the last 20% again doing I/O. Using round robin algorithm, determine the utilization of CPU in percentage.

#### UNIT - III

- Q6. (a) Differentiate between deadlock and starvation. By considering an appropriate (5) example, describe the process initiation denial approach of deadlock avoidance.
  - (b) Explain demand paging with its advantages and disadvantages. Illustrate the page (5) fault handling process with a suitable diagram.

#### OR

- Q7. (a) Describe resource allocation graph approach for deadlock detection. With a suitable (5) example, justify that a cycle in the graph is a necessary but not a sufficient condition for the existence of deadlock.
- / (b) Explain the Belady's anomaly in page-replacement algorithms? Consider the page (5) reference string: 7, 0, 1, 2, 0, 3, 0, 4, 2, 3, 0, 3, 2 with 4 page frames, determine the number of page faults using LRU and FIFO page replacement algorithm.

#### UNIT-IV

- Q8. (a) Differentiate between the Scan and C-Scan disk-scheduling algorithms. A disk (5) queue requests for I/O to blocks on cylinders 98, 183, 37, 122, 14, 124, 65, and 67, determine the total head movement (in cylinders) if the disk head is initially at cylinder 53 and the disk arm is moving toward 0.
- (b) Explain the linked-allocation and indexed-allocation methods of allocating disk (5) space, with their advantages and disadvantages.

#### OR

- 09. (a) Explain the use (with syntax in 'C' programming) of following file management (5) system calls of Linux: (a) access, (b) chmod, (c) umask, (d) open, and (e) creat.
  - (b) Explain various approaches of free disk-space management in operating systems. (5)

#### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

MCA-105 Rb

(Please write your Exam Roll No	p.)	Exam Ro	No. DOIIUDOUU
END T	ERM EXA	ANUARY 2024	V
FIRST SI	EMESTER I	Database Man	100
Tuper Code: MCA-107		Mas	cimum a systems
Time: 3 Hours	estions in all in	on from each	1 which is 60
Note: Attempt five que	elect one question	on from each	unit, ca
Company and a	uestions briefly:-	DDDMC	(2x10=20
Q1 Answer all the following 4	tween DBMS and	RDBM5.	
(a) State the different and no	on-trivial functiona	ED set?	
-(b) What are in the mean by	minimal cover of a	in a database ta	ble.
(c) What are primary keys	and foreign keys	protocol.	
(a) Write a short note on t	wo-phase locking	handled.	
(f) In concurrency control	, how deadlock is		
(g) Discuss ACID propertie	es. 3 NF and B	CNF.	
(h) State the difference be	ween or more column	ns always have a	an MVD? Show with
(i) Does a relation with the	10 01		
an example.	inner joins.		
() Distaiguine of	TINIT-I		
	generalization and	d specialization	with examples. (
<ul> <li>(a) Discuss the concept of</li> <li>(b) State the differences be</li> </ul>	etween instances a	ind schemas.	(!
Q3 (a) Draw and elaborate t	the architecture	of DBMS while	providing suitabl
(b) Differentiate between	Network & Re	lational Data	Base Managemen
Systems.			Terrent Disarti
	UNIT-II	main relational c	alculus. (5)
Q4 (a) Discuss tuple relationa (b) Differentiate between I	DML, DDL, DCL, a	nd TCL.	(5)
95 (a) Write Syntax and exam (i) Alter table with di	nples of following S ifferent clauses	QL commands:	(5)
(ii) Like operator			
(iii) Check constraint			
Also discuss the different	ence between HAV	NG and WHERE	clause.
(b) With a single example,	discuss Unions, in	ntersection and n	mius operators. (•)
	UNIT-III		
(a) Consider a relation	R= (A, B, C, D,	E, F, G, H]	with the following
FDs= (A -> BCD, AE -> 1	$F, E \rightarrow G, D \rightarrow H$ . D	ecompose the rel	ation till SNF. (5)
(b) Discuss the structure	of PL/SQL Block	c. What is the t	ise of cursors and
triggers.			
and the the roles of differ	ent types of keys	in DBMS. And, f	ind candidate keys
and Primary Key for R	= (A, B, C, D, E) an	d F= (CD $\rightarrow$ E, DE	→B, AB→C} (P)
(b) Given a relation R	(P, Q, R, S, T)	and Functiona	Dependency act
$FD = (QR \rightarrow PST, S \rightarrow 0)$	Q}, determine given	n R is in which h	ormai tormit (of
	UNIT-IV		
(a) Differentiate between (	Conflict and View s	erializability.	(5
(b) Explain lossy and loss	ess decomposition		10
(b) Explaint love) and love	and the second	omposition in	detail. Elaborat
9 (a) Explain dependency	preserving dec	IS.	
differences between RD	of database sec	rity. How data	base administrat
(b) Discuss the concept of	the database.		

Time: 3 Hours

## Exam Roll No. 0161400 4423

## END TERM EXAMINATION

### FIRST SEMESTER [MCA] JANUARY 2024

Paper Code: MCA-109

Subject: Object Oriented Programming and Java

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q.No. 1. which is compulsory. select one question from each unit.

01 Answer all the following questions briefly.

(2×10=20)

- (a) Draw difference between object based and object-oriented programming with example (b) Draw difference between JDK and JRE
- Ic Explain abstraction and encapsulation with suitable code example
- (d) Explain auto boxing and unboxing with suitable code example
- e Draw difference between throw and throws
- If Describe the use of Thread class and Runnable interface
- e Describe the use and importance of "static" keyword in java.
- (h) Explain the working of Layout Manager in Event Handling.
- (i) Describe the use and importance of "final" keyword in java.
- Describe the marshalling and un-marshalling in RMI

#### UNIT - I

- (a) Elaborate with proper diagram the JVM architecture. Explain the garbage collection model as well.
  - Elaborate what are Interfaces? Write a program in java to explain the concept of multiple inheritances by using interfaces (5)
- 03 (a) Write object-oriented code in java to implement ATM machine operations. (b) Discuss the need class nesting? Draw the Inner Classes Hierarchy, Give short code snippets to illustrate: (5)
  - (i) Static Inner Class
  - (ii) Method Local Inner Class

#### UNIT - II

- ar Justify the use of Exception Handling Framework in Java Programming. Elaborate the different exception handling constructs available
- (b) Differentiate between process and threads. What are the different stages in a thread life cycle that a thread goes through?
- 05 (a) What you mean by collection framework? Elaborate in detail - How collection framework. play an important role to implement data structure in java. Draw a complete hierarchy of collection framework
  - (b) Determine the use of Datagram Packet. Draw the client/server socket interaction flow in UDP and explain the socket working in detail (5)

#### UNIT - III

- 06 What is event handling? How Layout Manager play an important role in GUI application in java and elaborate in detail the concept of event - listener model in java with a suitable code example. (10)
- Elaborate in detail the concept of Anonymous classes and inner class and its types with code examples (10)

MCA-109 Pil

[-2-] UNIT - IV



08

09

(a) What is JDBC? Elaborate JDBC Architecture in detail. Discuss the significance java.sql package in java database connectivity.

(b) What is file handling, how streams are useful for file handling in java. Elaborate the difference between byte stream and character stream with suitable code example. (5)

12	what is RMI? Elaborate RMI Architecture in detail. Discuss the significance o	f "stub"	and	
"skeleton" in Remote Method Invocation				
(b)	Explain the following (Any two)	(5)		
(0)	in 1-fault function			

(ii) lambda expression (iii) try with resources.

\*\*\*\*\*\*

MCA-109